

How To Show Labels For Radio Buttons And Checkboxes

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What You'll Learn

In this guide, you'll discover how to effectively display labels for radio buttons and checkboxes in your Digioh forms. By following these steps, you'll be able to:

- Assign descriptive labels to individual groups of radio buttons and checkboxes.
- Style your radio button and checkbox labels

For most field types, you can enter text in the Label field in the editor, and set the labels to show in the Labels section of the editor. However, radio buttons and checkboxes work differently.

For those field types, first set the label text. Then, select "show" from the Show Or Hide Label dropdown.

The screenshot displays the Digioh form editor interface. At the top, there are four tabs: 'Form', 'Fields' (selected), 'Labels', and 'Inputs'. Below the tabs, the editor shows the configuration for a field named '1. Custom 1'. The 'FIELD VISIBILITY' is set to 'ON'. The 'Field Type' is set to 'Radio'. The 'Label Text' section is expanded, showing input fields for 'Label Text' (containing 'Select an option') and 'Label Subtext'. The 'SHOW OR HIDE LABEL TEXT' dropdown is set to 'Show', with a red arrow pointing to it. The 'Make Field Required' toggle is off. The 'Radio Choices' section shows two options: 'opt1' with 'Option 1' and 'opt2' with 'Option 2'.

This allows you to set labels for individual groups of checkboxes or radio buttons without turning them on for the

whole form.

To style the Label text, go to the Labels Tab in the Form section.

The image shows a styling editor for a form. At the top, there are tabs for 'Layout', 'Form', 'Buttons', 'Text', 'Images', and 'HTML'. Under the 'Form' tab, there are sub-tabs for 'Form', 'Fields', 'Labels', and 'Inputs'. The 'Labels' sub-tab is active. Below this, there are several sections: 'Label Placement' with a dropdown set to 'above' and a toggle switch turned on; 'Required Text and Color' with a text input and a color selector; 'Label Width' with a slider set to 30 and a toggle switch turned on; 'Label Text Styles' with options for font family (Roboto), color (blue), size (14), and line height, plus text alignment and style options; and 'Label Subtext Styles' with similar options for font family (Arial), color (black), size (14), and line height. Red arrows point to the 'Labels' tab, the 'Label Placement' dropdown, and the 'Label Text Styles' section.

The image shows a newsletter sign-up form. At the top, there is a large 'LOGO' placeholder. Below it is the title 'Sign up for our newsletter' followed by a paragraph of placeholder text: 'Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Integer ut risus egestas, aliquet massa quis, finibus ex.' There is an 'Email Address' input field with the placeholder text 'Enter your email address'. Below that is a 'Select an option' section with three radio buttons labeled 'Option 1', 'Option 2', and 'Option 3'. There is also a 'Disclaimer' section with a checkbox and the text 'I Agree to the terms and conditions'. At the bottom, there is a large black 'Sign up' button and a 'No thanks' link.

Note: to see the Label styling editor, you will need Label Placement toggled ON, and the placement dropdown set to above or left. This will turn labels on for your form fields as well, so if that is not desired; make your styling changes and then switch the placement back to Hide (but leave Label Placement toggled on). That will turn labels off form forms but keep any radio or checkbox label you've enabled in the previous step will stay on, with the styling updates you have made.

If you have any questions about creating labels for checkboxes or radio buttons, [send us an email](#), and we'll be glad to help!